

TEMPLETON, KENLY & CO., INC.

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HAND PUMP REPAIR PARTS SHEET OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

ESJP 300 ESJP 460

NOTE: Be sure to read these instructions completely before operating this pump. Failure to follow these instructions may result in personal injury or damage to the pump. Safety and Operating instructions are on the back page.

e).

1. INTRODUCTION

<u>Dirt</u> - This will quickly ruin any hydraulic system. Before hooking up a system, insure that couplings are clean and free of foreign matter. Dirt, sand, etc. can cause difficult assembly and premature wear to seals and steel components of your hydraulic equipment. After each use of the system, clean all couplings and assemble all dust caps.

Air Bleeding - Air in a hydraulic system can be hazardous because it is compressible. Before loading any cylinder, air must be bled from the system.

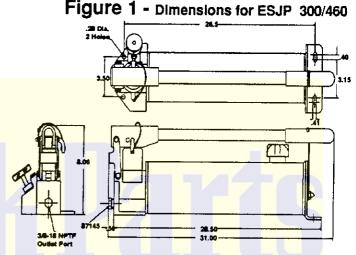
With single-acting and spring return cylinders, fully extend the unloaded piston. Invert cylinder and allow it to retract. Do this several times to purge all the air from the system. Note that the pump must be higher than the cylinder.

Air in the system can cause sluggish or hesitant action of the piston when extending or retracting. When air has been purged, cylinder action will be smooth and uniform.

Air can enter your system in many ways, but the most common is by inadeqate useable reservoir capacity. (Oil level drops below inlet and pump sucks air.)

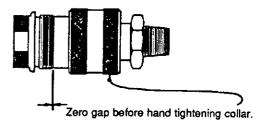
2. ASSEMBLY

- a). Remove No. 87145 plug from the 3/8" NPT ports located at the front of the pump. (See figure 1).
- Assemble hose or quick-disconnect couplings at this port.

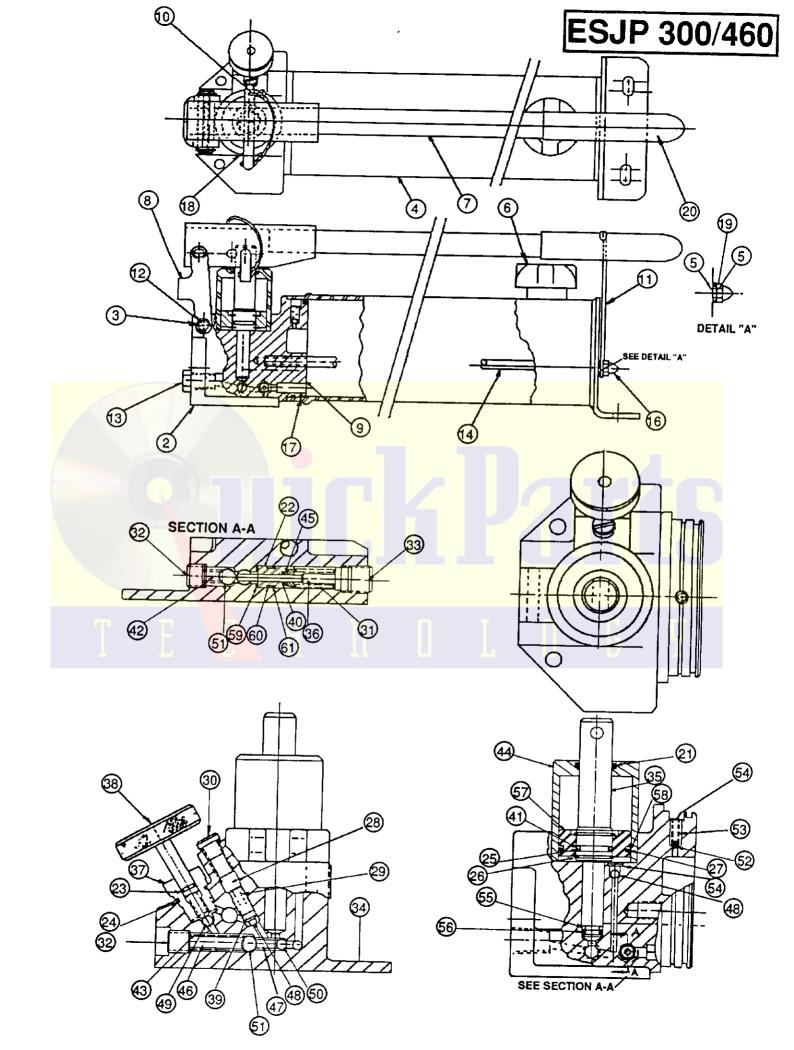


- c). Connect hose to cylinder or ram.
- d). All Simplex cylinders are equipped with quick-disconnect coulings. These couplings make assembly of your system simple and quick. These couplings must be assembled by hand. If wrenches or pliers seem to be necessary for assembly, you are doing something wrong. If couplings will not fully engage (See figure 2 for proper engagement), open the release screw to release any pressure that may have built up.

Figure 2



The reservoir fill cap is vented so there is no need to open any air vents prior to using the pump.



| | | CONTROL NUMBERS | | <u> </u> |
|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------|
| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | ESJP 300 | ESJP 460 | QUANTITY |
| 1 | Hydraulic Oil | 18139 | 18139 | |
| 2 | Pump Body Asm. | 35112 | 35112 | 1 |
| 3 | Pin Clip | 92540 | 92540 | 4 |
| 4 | Reservoir Weld | 35110 | 35117 | 1 |
| 5 | Gasket Filler Cap | 85726 | 85726 | 2 |
| <u>6</u> 7 | Handle Weld | 88487 | 88487 | 1 |
| 8 | Pump Link | 88477 88478 | 88985 88478 | 1 |
| 9 | Intake Screen | 88481 | 88481 | 1 1 |
| 10 | Hair Cotter Pin | 88483 | 88483 | 1 |
| 11 | Handle Latch | 88484 | 88484 | 1 |
| 12 | Pin | 88486 | 88486 | 2 |
| 13 | Plug Hex | 87145 | 87145 | 1 |
| 14 | Tie Rod | 88509 | 88983 | 1 |
| 15 | Decal | 88510 | 88986 | 1 |
| 16 | Acorn Nut | 88511 | 88511 | 1 |
| 17 | O-Ring | 5602238 | 5602238 | 1 |
| 18 | Lock Pin | 88530 | 88530 | 1 |
| 19 | Spacer Latch | 88622 | 88622 | 1 |
| 20 | Handle Grip | 95039 | 95039 | 1 1 |
| 21 | Wiper Contrides Assembly | 5601346 | 5601346 | |
| 22 | Cartridge Assembly | 89061 | 89061 | 1 |
| 23 | 2-010 O-Ring 2-113 O-Ring | 5602010 | 5602010 | 1 |
| 25 | O-Ring | 5602113 | 5602113 | 1 |
| 26 | Retaining Ring | 5602115 88528 | 5602115 | 1 |
| 27 | O-Ring | 5602128 | 88528 5602128 | 2 |
| 28 | Adjusting Screw | 66083 | 66083 | |
| 29 | Rel. Valve Spring | 66085 | 66085 | |
| 30 | Plug SAE #4 With O-Ring | 68258 | 68258 | |
| 31 | Spring | 88529 | 88529 | 1 |
| 32 | Pipe Plug | 82552 | 82552 | 2 |
| 33 | Pressure Plug | 84084 | 84084 | 1 |
| 34 | Pump Body | 88425 | 88425 | 1 |
| 35 | Piston Pump | 88491 | 88491 | 1 |
| 36 | Piston Unloading | 88493 | 88493 | 1 |
| 37 | Release Gland | 88494 | 88494 | 1 |
| 38 | Release Screw Asm. | 88495 | 88495 | 11 |
| 39 | Spring Cap | 88497 | 88497 | 1 |
| 40 | Back-Up Washer Back-Up Washer | 88498 | 88498 | |
| 41 42 | Compression Sp. | 88499 | 88499 | 1 |
| 43 | Compression Sp. | 88500 88501 | 88500 | 2 |
| 44 | Piston Cylinder | 88525 | 88501 | 1 |
| 45 | O-Ring | 5602008 | 88525 5602008 | 1 |
| 46 | Spacer Out. Ball | 88717 | <u> </u> | 1 |
| 47 | Spacer In. Ball | 88718 | 88718 | 1 |
| 48 | Ball 3/16 | 90548 | 90548 | 2 |
| 49 | Ball Bearing | 92526 | 92526 | 1 |
| 50 | Ball Bearing | 92549 | 92549 | 1 |
| 51 | Ball Bearing | 92550 | 92550 | 2 |
| 52 | 3/16 Rubber Ball | 88827 | 88827 | 1 |
| 53 | Spring | 88828 | 88828 | 11 |
| 54 | Retaining Ring | 88835 | 88835 | 2 |
| <u>55</u> | Back-Up Washer | 88612 | 88612 | 1 |
| 56 | O-Ring | 56020125 | 56020125 | 1 |
| <u>57</u> | Piston Gland | 88526 | 88526 | 1 |
| <u>58</u> | Back-Up Washer | 88527 | 88527 | 1 |
| <u>59</u> | Shim R Llp Bing | 89063 | 89063 | 2 |
| 60 61 | B-Up Ring O-Ring | 5608012 5608012 | 5608012 | 1 |
| VI | Packing Kit | 5608012 54385 | 5602012 54395 | 1 |

SAFETY

A. WORKING PRESSURE

The pump's maximum working pressure is10,000 PSI (700 kg/cm 2). Make sure that all hydraulic equipment such as rams, hoses, etc. used with this pump are rated at 10,000 PSI operating pressure.

B. HYDRAULIC CONNECTIONS

Never disconnect or connect any hydraulic hoses or fittings without first unloading the ram, then shift, or open all hydraulic controls several times to assure that the system has been depressurized. If the system includes a gauge, double check the gauge to assure pressure has been released. When making connections with quick-disconnect couplings, make sure the couplings are fully engaged. Threaded connections such as fittings, gauges, etc. must be securely tightened and leak free.

DO NOT over-tighten connections. Connections need only be secure and leak free. Over-tightening can cause premature thread failure.

CAUTION: Loose or cross threaded fittings can be potentially dangerous if pressurized. Never hold or stand directly in line with any hydraulic connections while pressurizing. Never grab, touch or in any way come in contact with a hydraulic pressure leak. Escaping oil can penetrate the skin and a serious injury can result.

C. JACKING SAFELY

You should know the weight of what you intend to lift and choose a ram with at lease 10% more capacity. The ram must be placed on a solid foundation so that the base of the ram is fully supported. The load must be centered on the ram, or equally distributed on multiple rams. Off-center loading can result in the ram slipping out and loss of the load. Never crawl or place any part of your body under any load at any time. Insert blocking or cribbing under the load as you lift. Hydraulic rams are meant for lifting only and should not be used to support the load for any period of time. You should obtain and be familiar with the American National Standards Institute rules that apply to hydraulic rams and jacks (ANSI B30.1).

D. HOSES

DO NOT DROP HEAVY OBJECTS ON HOSE. A sharp impact may kink wire strands on which the strength of the hose depends.

AVOID SHARP KINKS IN HOSE. Never apply pressure when hose is swung in sharp curves or when the hose is visibly kinked.

KEEP AWAY FROM FIRE AND HEAT. Keep your equipment away from excessive heat which tends to soften packings and cause leakage. Heat also weakens the structure of hose and packings. For best performance, DO NOT expose equipment to temperatures above 160° F.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

A. Operate pump handle several times with the release screw assembly (#88495) open to remove air from the system and to prime the pump. Hand-tighten the release screw to advance the ram. Opening the release screw releases pressure for retracting the ram.

NOTE: Use caution when releasing a loaded ram. Be sure all personnel are clear of the load. Open the release screw slowly to prevent dropping the load.

B. Be sure the pump reservoir is full of hydraulic oil.

NEVER FILL THE RESERVOIR UNLESS THE CONNECTED RAMS ARE FULLY RETRACTED.

MAINTAINANCE

Completely change oil at least twice a year. The following conditions require more frequent oil changes:

- Rigorous duty, where oil may leak out or become contaminated.
- **b.** High humidity environment and extreme changes in temperature that can result in condensation inside the reservoir.
- **c.** Dirty or dusty environments that may contaminate the oil.

<u>Flushing the pump</u>. If you suspect your pump has been contaminated or discover sludge or other deposits on internal components, you should thoroughly flush the pump.

- a. Remove the old oil from the reservoir, then thoroughly clean the reservoir and refill with a clean, nonflammable flushing oil.
- b. Reassemble the pump head to the reservoir and pump the pump handle approximately 50 times with the release screw open.
- c. Empty the reservoir and refill with clean Simplex oil.